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## Structure Reports

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***N,N'*-(4,5-Dichloro-*o*-phenylene)-dibenzamide**Han Kwak,<sup>a</sup> Sea-Hyun Kim,<sup>b</sup> Pan-Gi Kim,<sup>c</sup> Cheal Kim<sup>a\*</sup> and Youngmee Kim<sup>d\*</sup>

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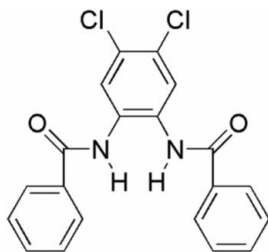
Received 30 May 2007; accepted 4 June 2007

Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study;  $T = 288$  K; mean  $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.004$  Å;  $R$  factor = 0.049;  $wR$  factor = 0.114; data-to-parameter ratio = 14.5.

In the title molecule,  $\text{C}_{20}\text{H}_{14}\text{Cl}_2\text{N}_2\text{O}_2$ , the dihedral angles between the central benzene ring and the two outer phenyl rings are  $58.92(7)$  and  $21.91(9)^\circ$ . While an intramolecular  $\text{N}-\text{H}\cdots\text{O}$  hydrogen bond may influence the molecular conformation, an intermolecular  $\text{N}-\text{H}\cdots\text{O}$  hydrogen bond connects molecules into centrosymmetric dimers.

## Related literature

For background information, see: Baik *et al.* (2003); Costa *et al.* (2004); Abu-Omar *et al.* (2005); Girerd *et al.* (2000).



## Experimental

## Crystal data

$\text{C}_{20}\text{H}_{14}\text{Cl}_2\text{N}_2\text{O}_2$   
 $M_r = 385.23$   
Monoclinic,  $P2_1/c$

$a = 8.3024(8)$  Å  
 $b = 11.8571(11)$  Å  
 $c = 18.7334(18)$  Å

$\beta = 102.630(2)^\circ$   
 $V = 1799.5(3)$  Å<sup>3</sup>  
 $Z = 4$   
Mo  $K\alpha$  radiation

$\mu = 0.38$  mm<sup>-1</sup>  
 $T = 288(2)$  K  
 $0.08 \times 0.03 \times 0.03$  mm

## Data collection

Bruker SMART CCD diffractometer  
Absorption correction: multi-scan (SADABS; Bruker, 1997)  
 $T_{\min} = 0.986$ ,  $T_{\max} = 0.989$

9881 measured reflections  
3518 independent reflections  
1936 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$   
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.048$

## Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.049$   
 $wR(F^2) = 0.114$   
 $S = 1.00$   
3518 reflections  
243 parameters

H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement  
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.16$  e Å<sup>-3</sup>  
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.19$  e Å<sup>-3</sup>

**Table 1**  
Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D-\text{H}\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}$	$\text{H}\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}\cdots A$
$\text{N2}-\text{H2N}\cdots\text{O1}^i$	0.85 (3)	2.15 (3)	2.976 (3)	165 (3)
$\text{C5}-\text{H5}\cdots\text{O1}$	0.93	2.44	2.769 (3)	101
$\text{N1}-\text{H1N}\cdots\text{O2}$	0.87 (3)	1.93 (3)	2.702 (3)	147 (2)

Symmetry code: (i)  $-x, -y + 2, -z + 2$ .

Data collection: SMART (Bruker, 1997); cell refinement: SAINT (Bruker, 1997); data reduction: SAINT; program(s) used to solve structure: SHELXS97 (Sheldrick, 1997); program(s) used to refine structure: SHELXL97 (Sheldrick, 1997); molecular graphics: SHELXTL (Bruker, 1998); software used to prepare material for publication: SHELXTL.

Financial support from the Korean Science and Engineering Foundation [R01-2005-000-10490-0(2005)], the Korea Research Foundation (2006-312-C00569), and Seoul R&BD Programme is gratefully acknowledged.

Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: LH2410).

## References

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**supplementary materials**

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## *N,N'*-(4,5-Dichloro-*o*-phenylene)dibenzamide

H. Kwak, S.-H. Kim, P.-G. Kim, C. Kim and Y. Kim

### Comment

Dioxygen is activated by nonheme biological systems to carry out selective transformations of organic substrates (Baik *et al.*, 2003). Key intermediates such as Fe(IV)-oxo and Fe(V)-oxo compounds have been identified or proposed in bleomycin, naphthalene dioxygenase, and Rieske dioxygenase (Costa *et al.*, 2004, Abu-Omar *et al.* 2005). Considerable efforts have been devoted to prepare and characterize models of these intermediates. Amine/pyridine ligands have often been used and have allowed the identification of synthetic models of the intermediates (Costa *et al.*, 2004, Girerd *et al.*, 2000). In order to further develop functional models for mononuclear nonheme iron oxygenases, we synthesized a new N<sub>2</sub>-type bidentate ligand.

The asymmetric unit of (I) contains whole molecule in a monoclinic cell (space group P21/c) with  $Z = 4$ . The molecule is not planar, having large twisted angles between benzene ring (A) and phenyl rings (B and C) (Fig. 1). The dihedral angle between ring A and ring B is 58.92 (7)°, and the dihedral angle between ring A and ring C is 21.91 (9)°. There are intramolecular hydrogen bonds between an amide hydrogen atom and an amide oxygen atom (N1(amide)-H1N...O2(amide) 2.702 (3) Å), and between a phenyl hydrogen atom and amide oxygen atom (C5—H5...O1(amide) 2.769 (3) Å). There are also intermolecular hydrogen bonds between amide hydrogen atoms and amide oxygen atoms of neighboring molecules (N2(amide)-H2N...O1(amide) 2.976 (3) Å) with a N2—H2N...O1 angle of 165 (3)°. These intermolecular hydrogen bonds form a dimeric molecule as shown in Fig. 2.

### Experimental

To a stirred solution of 4,5-dichloro-1,2-phenylenediamine (0.92 g, 5 mmol) in THF (100 ml), a solution of triethylamine (2.10 ml, 15 mmol) was added dropwise. The solution was stirred for 15 min and benzoyl chloride (1.17 ml, 10 mmol) was slowly added. The reaction mixture was stirred for 4 h at room temperature. Then, the solution was evaporated to dryness. The powder was collected by filtration, washed with MeOH, and dried under vacuum oven for 1 h. Recrystallization from a methanol solution afforded an ivory powder. Colorless rod-type crystals were prepared from a DMSO-acetone solution at room temperature by slow evaporation for X-ray experiments.

### Refinement

H atoms were placed in calculated positions with C—H distances of 0.93 Å. They were included in the refinement in riding-motion approximation with  $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.2U_{\text{eq}}(\text{C})$ . The H atoms bonded to N atoms were refined independently with isotropic displacement parameters

Figures

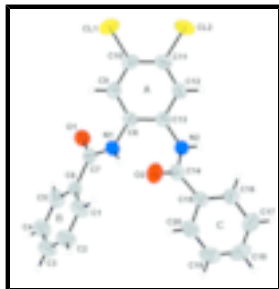


Fig. 1. The molecular structure of the title compound showing the atom-labeling scheme. Displacement ellipsoids are drawn at the 50% probability level.

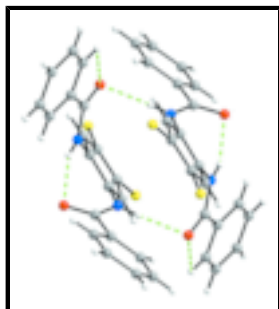


Fig. 2. A hydrogen-bonded dimer of the title compound showing hydrogen bonds as dashed lines.

***N,N'*-(4,5-Dichloro-*o*-phenylene)dibenzamide**

*Crystal data*

$C_{20}H_{14}Cl_2N_2O_2$

$M_r = 385.23$

Monoclinic,  $P2_1/c$

Hall symbol: -P 2ybc

$a = 8.3024$  (8) Å

$b = 11.8571$  (11) Å

$c = 18.7334$  (18) Å

$\beta = 102.630$  (2)°

$V = 1799.5$  (3) Å<sup>3</sup>

$Z = 4$

$F_{000} = 792$

$D_x = 1.422$  Mg m<sup>-3</sup>

Mo  $K\alpha$  radiation

$\lambda = 0.71073$  Å

Cell parameters from 986 reflections

$\theta = 2.2$ – $18.8^\circ$

$\mu = 0.38$  mm<sup>-1</sup>

$T = 288$  (2) K

Rod, colorless

$0.08 \times 0.03 \times 0.03$  mm

*Data collection*

Bruker SMART CCD  
diffractometer

Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube

Monochromator: graphite

$T = 288$ (2) K

$\varphi$  and  $\omega$  scans

Absorption correction: multi-scan  
(SADABS; Bruker, 1997)

$T_{\min} = 0.986$ ,  $T_{\max} = 0.989$

3518 independent reflections

1936 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$

$R_{\text{int}} = 0.048$

$\theta_{\text{max}} = 26.0^\circ$

$\theta_{\text{min}} = 2.1^\circ$

$h = -10 \rightarrow 9$

$k = -14 \rightarrow 14$

9881 measured reflections

$l = -19 \rightarrow 23$

*Refinement*

Refinement on  $F^2$

Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map

Least-squares matrix: full

Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.049$

H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement

$wR(F^2) = 0.114$

$$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0183P)^2 + 0.2774P]$$

where  $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$

$S = 1.00$

$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} = 0.001$

3518 reflections

$\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.16 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$

243 parameters

$\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.19 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$

Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods

Extinction correction: none

*Special details*

**Geometry.** All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

**Refinement.** Refinement of  $F^2$  against ALL reflections. The weighted  $R$ -factor  $wR$  and goodness of fit  $S$  are based on  $F^2$ , conventional  $R$ -factors  $R$  are based on  $F$ , with  $F$  set to zero for negative  $F^2$ . The threshold expression of  $F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)$  is used only for calculating  $R$ -factors(gt) *etc.* and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement.  $R$ -factors based on  $F^2$  are statistically about twice as large as those based on  $F$ , and  $R$ -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

*Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters ( $\text{\AA}^2$ )*

	$x$	$y$	$z$	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
C11	0.28862 (10)	1.37684 (6)	1.07001 (5)	0.0748 (3)
C12	0.00258 (11)	1.37867 (6)	0.92701 (5)	0.0839 (3)
N1	0.3210 (3)	0.95030 (19)	1.04178 (14)	0.0450 (6)
H1N	0.345 (3)	0.906 (2)	1.0091 (15)	0.047 (8)*
N2	0.0736 (3)	0.95613 (18)	0.90593 (12)	0.0415 (6)
H2N	-0.029 (4)	0.962 (2)	0.8863 (16)	0.080 (11)*
O1	0.2756 (2)	0.97875 (15)	1.15499 (10)	0.0522 (5)
O2	0.3166 (2)	0.87012 (16)	0.90634 (11)	0.0608 (6)
C1	0.4721 (3)	0.7357 (2)	1.09042 (16)	0.0566 (8)
H1	0.4859	0.7618	1.0453	0.068*
C2	0.5274 (4)	0.6296 (2)	1.11447 (19)	0.0664 (9)
H2	0.5786	0.5845	1.0854	0.080*
C3	0.5076 (4)	0.5901 (3)	1.18068 (19)	0.0642 (9)
H3	0.5452	0.5185	1.1963	0.077*
C4	0.4320 (4)	0.6564 (3)	1.22422 (17)	0.0617 (8)
H4	0.4183	0.6300	1.2693	0.074*

## supplementary materials

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C5	0.3768 (3)	0.7627 (2)	1.19999 (15)	0.0550 (8)
H5	0.3258	0.8076	1.2293	0.066*
C6	0.3958 (3)	0.8035 (2)	1.13373 (14)	0.0411 (6)
C7	0.3283 (3)	0.9185 (2)	1.11169 (15)	0.0422 (7)
C8	0.2518 (3)	1.0535 (2)	1.01112 (14)	0.0391 (6)
C9	0.2980 (3)	1.1534 (2)	1.04811 (15)	0.0457 (7)
H9	0.3801	1.1528	1.0908	0.055*
C10	0.2238 (3)	1.2540 (2)	1.02250 (15)	0.0481 (7)
C11	0.1031 (3)	1.2557 (2)	0.95916 (16)	0.0487 (7)
C12	0.0627 (3)	1.1572 (2)	0.92025 (15)	0.0461 (7)
H12	-0.0140	1.1594	0.8759	0.055*
C13	0.1339 (3)	1.0549 (2)	0.94576 (14)	0.0400 (6)
C14	0.1654 (3)	0.8714 (2)	0.88694 (14)	0.0433 (7)
C15	0.0737 (3)	0.7775 (2)	0.84321 (14)	0.0432 (7)
C16	-0.0825 (3)	0.7881 (2)	0.79916 (15)	0.0555 (8)
H16	-0.1371	0.8570	0.7957	0.067*
C17	-0.1572 (4)	0.6964 (3)	0.76037 (17)	0.0688 (9)
H17	-0.2616	0.7043	0.7302	0.083*
C18	-0.0799 (4)	0.5938 (3)	0.76558 (18)	0.0667 (9)
H18	-0.1325	0.5320	0.7400	0.080*
C19	0.0747 (4)	0.5828 (3)	0.80849 (19)	0.0678 (9)
H19	0.1280	0.5134	0.8118	0.081*
C20	0.1520 (4)	0.6736 (2)	0.84674 (16)	0.0588 (8)
H20	0.2580	0.6654	0.8753	0.071*

### Atomic displacement parameters ( $\text{\AA}^2$ )

	$U^{11}$	$U^{22}$	$U^{33}$	$U^{12}$	$U^{13}$	$U^{23}$
C11	0.0886 (6)	0.0492 (5)	0.0825 (7)	-0.0102 (4)	0.0100 (5)	-0.0145 (4)
C12	0.0950 (7)	0.0447 (5)	0.1010 (8)	0.0163 (4)	-0.0021 (5)	0.0086 (4)
N1	0.0476 (13)	0.0463 (14)	0.0398 (15)	0.0096 (11)	0.0062 (11)	-0.0015 (12)
N2	0.0345 (13)	0.0432 (14)	0.0456 (14)	0.0054 (11)	0.0061 (11)	-0.0046 (10)
O1	0.0583 (12)	0.0532 (12)	0.0451 (12)	0.0122 (10)	0.0113 (9)	-0.0043 (9)
O2	0.0371 (11)	0.0836 (15)	0.0612 (14)	0.0104 (10)	0.0098 (9)	-0.0184 (11)
C1	0.0627 (19)	0.0547 (19)	0.055 (2)	0.0142 (15)	0.0176 (15)	0.0111 (15)
C2	0.075 (2)	0.0536 (19)	0.072 (2)	0.0180 (16)	0.0178 (18)	-0.0005 (17)
C3	0.065 (2)	0.0484 (19)	0.075 (3)	0.0049 (16)	0.0065 (18)	0.0147 (17)
C4	0.064 (2)	0.065 (2)	0.053 (2)	0.0011 (17)	0.0072 (16)	0.0160 (16)
C5	0.0531 (18)	0.064 (2)	0.0459 (19)	0.0053 (15)	0.0075 (14)	0.0056 (15)
C6	0.0344 (14)	0.0453 (16)	0.0415 (17)	0.0027 (12)	0.0040 (12)	-0.0013 (13)
C7	0.0342 (14)	0.0461 (16)	0.0429 (19)	0.0006 (12)	0.0011 (12)	-0.0009 (13)
C8	0.0357 (14)	0.0394 (16)	0.0436 (16)	0.0043 (12)	0.0116 (12)	0.0015 (12)
C9	0.0382 (15)	0.0507 (18)	0.0468 (17)	-0.0040 (13)	0.0064 (12)	-0.0026 (13)
C10	0.0486 (16)	0.0390 (16)	0.058 (2)	-0.0072 (13)	0.0152 (14)	-0.0034 (13)
C11	0.0479 (16)	0.0378 (16)	0.061 (2)	0.0049 (13)	0.0126 (14)	0.0054 (14)
C12	0.0410 (15)	0.0490 (18)	0.0465 (18)	0.0026 (13)	0.0058 (12)	0.0087 (13)
C13	0.0343 (14)	0.0406 (16)	0.0463 (17)	-0.0003 (12)	0.0115 (12)	0.0020 (13)
C14	0.0414 (17)	0.0494 (17)	0.0402 (17)	0.0047 (14)	0.0113 (13)	0.0040 (13)

C15	0.0462 (15)	0.0437 (16)	0.0420 (17)	0.0087 (13)	0.0145 (13)	0.0000 (13)
C16	0.0533 (17)	0.0503 (18)	0.059 (2)	0.0106 (14)	0.0044 (15)	-0.0095 (15)
C17	0.0600 (19)	0.074 (2)	0.068 (2)	0.0023 (18)	0.0029 (16)	-0.0243 (18)
C18	0.080 (2)	0.054 (2)	0.072 (2)	-0.0077 (18)	0.0290 (19)	-0.0220 (17)
C19	0.086 (2)	0.0473 (19)	0.076 (2)	0.0143 (18)	0.0301 (19)	-0.0018 (17)
C20	0.0610 (19)	0.0539 (19)	0.062 (2)	0.0148 (16)	0.0133 (15)	0.0027 (16)

*Geometric parameters (Å, °)*

C11—C10	1.731 (3)	C6—C7	1.498 (3)
C12—C11	1.722 (3)	C8—C9	1.384 (3)
N1—C7	1.351 (3)	C8—C13	1.391 (3)
N1—C8	1.418 (3)	C9—C10	1.379 (3)
N1—H1N	0.87 (3)	C9—H9	0.9300
N2—C14	1.355 (3)	C10—C11	1.376 (4)
N2—C13	1.419 (3)	C11—C12	1.379 (3)
N2—H2N	0.85 (3)	C12—C13	1.388 (3)
O1—C7	1.231 (3)	C12—H12	0.9300
O2—C14	1.228 (3)	C14—C15	1.489 (3)
C1—C2	1.381 (4)	C15—C16	1.382 (3)
C1—C6	1.389 (4)	C15—C20	1.388 (3)
C1—H1	0.9300	C16—C17	1.377 (4)
C2—C3	1.369 (4)	C16—H16	0.9300
C2—H2	0.9300	C17—C18	1.369 (4)
C3—C4	1.379 (4)	C17—H17	0.9300
C3—H3	0.9300	C18—C19	1.364 (4)
C4—C5	1.383 (4)	C18—H18	0.9300
C4—H4	0.9300	C19—C20	1.372 (4)
C5—C6	1.373 (3)	C19—H19	0.9300
C5—H5	0.9300	C20—H20	0.9300
C7—N1—C8	124.2 (2)	C11—C10—C9	119.9 (2)
C7—N1—H1N	123.0 (17)	C11—C10—C11	121.1 (2)
C8—N1—H1N	112.3 (17)	C9—C10—C11	118.9 (2)
C14—N2—C13	126.5 (2)	C10—C11—C12	119.4 (2)
C14—N2—H2N	121 (2)	C10—C11—C12	121.3 (2)
C13—N2—H2N	112 (2)	C12—C11—C12	119.3 (2)
C2—C1—C6	119.9 (3)	C11—C12—C13	121.5 (2)
C2—C1—H1	120.1	C11—C12—H12	119.3
C6—C1—H1	120.1	C13—C12—H12	119.3
C3—C2—C1	120.7 (3)	C12—C13—C8	118.6 (2)
C3—C2—H2	119.7	C12—C13—N2	117.7 (2)
C1—C2—H2	119.7	C8—C13—N2	123.5 (2)
C2—C3—C4	120.1 (3)	O2—C14—N2	121.9 (2)
C2—C3—H3	120.0	O2—C14—C15	121.3 (2)
C4—C3—H3	120.0	N2—C14—C15	116.7 (2)
C3—C4—C5	119.1 (3)	C16—C15—C20	118.5 (3)
C3—C4—H4	120.5	C16—C15—C14	124.1 (2)
C5—C4—H4	120.5	C20—C15—C14	117.4 (2)
C6—C5—C4	121.5 (3)	C17—C16—C15	120.0 (3)

## supplementary materials

C6—C5—H5	119.3	C17—C16—H16	120.0
C4—C5—H5	119.3	C15—C16—H16	120.0
C5—C6—C1	118.8 (3)	C18—C17—C16	120.9 (3)
C5—C6—C7	117.4 (2)	C18—C17—H17	119.5
C1—C6—C7	123.8 (3)	C16—C17—H17	119.5
O1—C7—N1	121.9 (2)	C19—C18—C17	119.5 (3)
O1—C7—C6	120.8 (3)	C19—C18—H18	120.2
N1—C7—C6	117.2 (2)	C17—C18—H18	120.2
C9—C8—C13	119.7 (2)	C18—C19—C20	120.4 (3)
C9—C8—N1	119.5 (2)	C18—C19—H19	119.8
C13—C8—N1	120.8 (2)	C20—C19—H19	119.8
C10—C9—C8	120.8 (2)	C19—C20—C15	120.7 (3)
C10—C9—H9	119.6	C19—C20—H20	119.6
C8—C9—H9	119.6	C15—C20—H20	119.6
C6—C1—C2—C3	0.1 (5)	C10—C11—C12—C13	3.9 (4)
C1—C2—C3—C4	-0.1 (5)	C12—C11—C12—C13	-176.6 (2)
C2—C3—C4—C5	0.0 (5)	C11—C12—C13—C8	-1.8 (4)
C3—C4—C5—C6	0.0 (4)	C11—C12—C13—N2	174.0 (2)
C4—C5—C6—C1	0.0 (4)	C9—C8—C13—C12	-1.5 (4)
C4—C5—C6—C7	178.6 (2)	N1—C8—C13—C12	176.2 (2)
C2—C1—C6—C5	-0.1 (4)	C9—C8—C13—N2	-177.0 (2)
C2—C1—C6—C7	-178.6 (2)	N1—C8—C13—N2	0.7 (4)
C8—N1—C7—O1	-0.7 (4)	C14—N2—C13—C12	134.9 (3)
C8—N1—C7—C6	176.2 (2)	C14—N2—C13—C8	-49.5 (4)
C5—C6—C7—O1	8.2 (4)	C13—N2—C14—O2	3.5 (4)
C1—C6—C7—O1	-173.3 (3)	C13—N2—C14—C15	-178.4 (2)
C5—C6—C7—N1	-168.7 (2)	O2—C14—C15—C16	-157.0 (3)
C1—C6—C7—N1	9.8 (4)	N2—C14—C15—C16	24.9 (4)
C7—N1—C8—C9	49.1 (4)	O2—C14—C15—C20	22.3 (4)
C7—N1—C8—C13	-128.6 (3)	N2—C14—C15—C20	-155.8 (2)
C13—C8—C9—C10	2.6 (4)	C20—C15—C16—C17	0.4 (4)
N1—C8—C9—C10	-175.1 (2)	C14—C15—C16—C17	179.7 (3)
C8—C9—C10—C11	-0.5 (4)	C15—C16—C17—C18	1.0 (5)
C8—C9—C10—C11	-178.9 (2)	C16—C17—C18—C19	-1.5 (5)
C9—C10—C11—C12	-2.8 (4)	C17—C18—C19—C20	0.6 (5)
C11—C10—C11—C12	175.6 (2)	C18—C19—C20—C15	0.8 (5)
C9—C10—C11—C12	177.8 (2)	C16—C15—C20—C19	-1.3 (4)
C11—C10—C11—C12	-3.8 (4)	C14—C15—C20—C19	179.4 (3)

### Hydrogen-bond geometry ( $\text{\AA}$ , $^\circ$ )

$D-H\cdots A$	$D-H$	$H\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-H\cdots A$
$N2-H2N\cdots O1^i$	0.85 (3)	2.15 (3)	2.976 (3)	165 (3)
$C5-H5\cdots O1$	0.93	2.44	2.769 (3)	101
$N1-H1N\cdots O2$	0.87 (3)	1.93 (3)	2.702 (3)	147 (2)

Symmetry codes: (i)  $-x, -y+2, -z+2$ .



Fig. 1

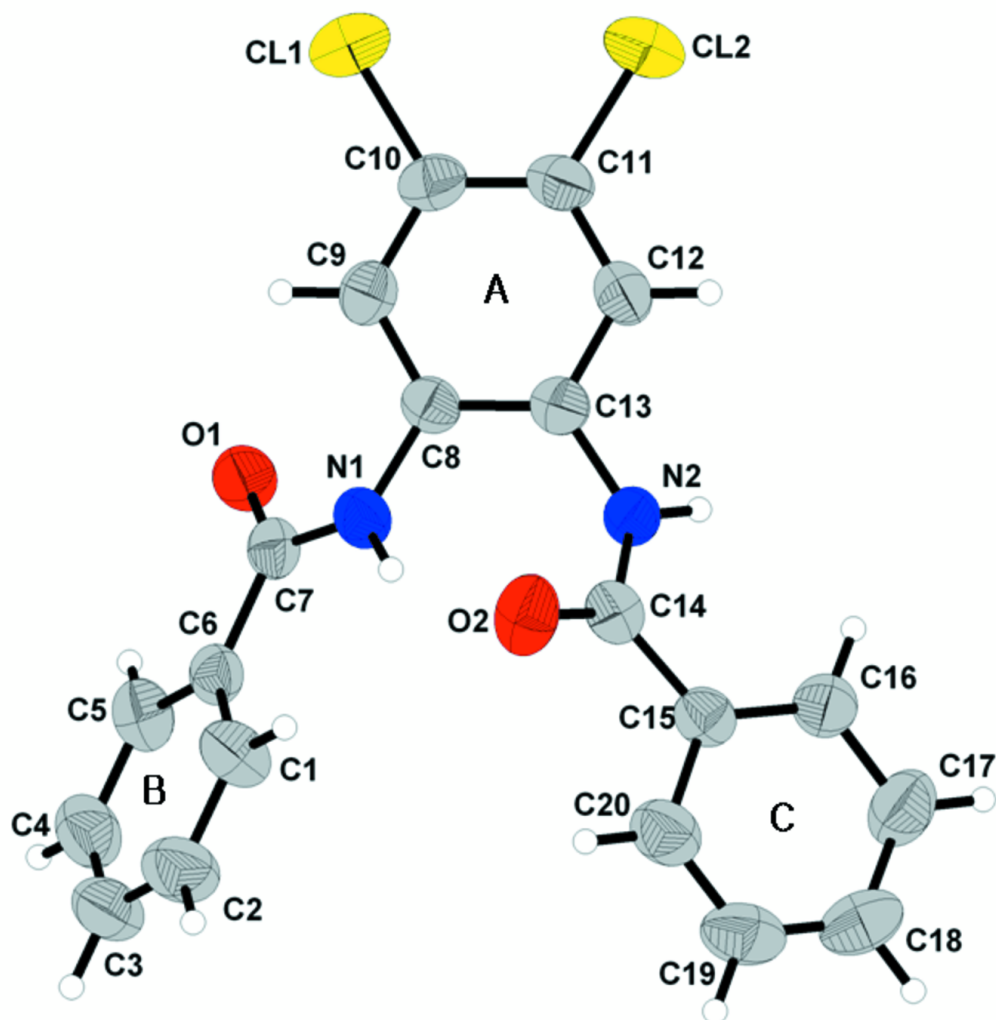


Fig. 2

